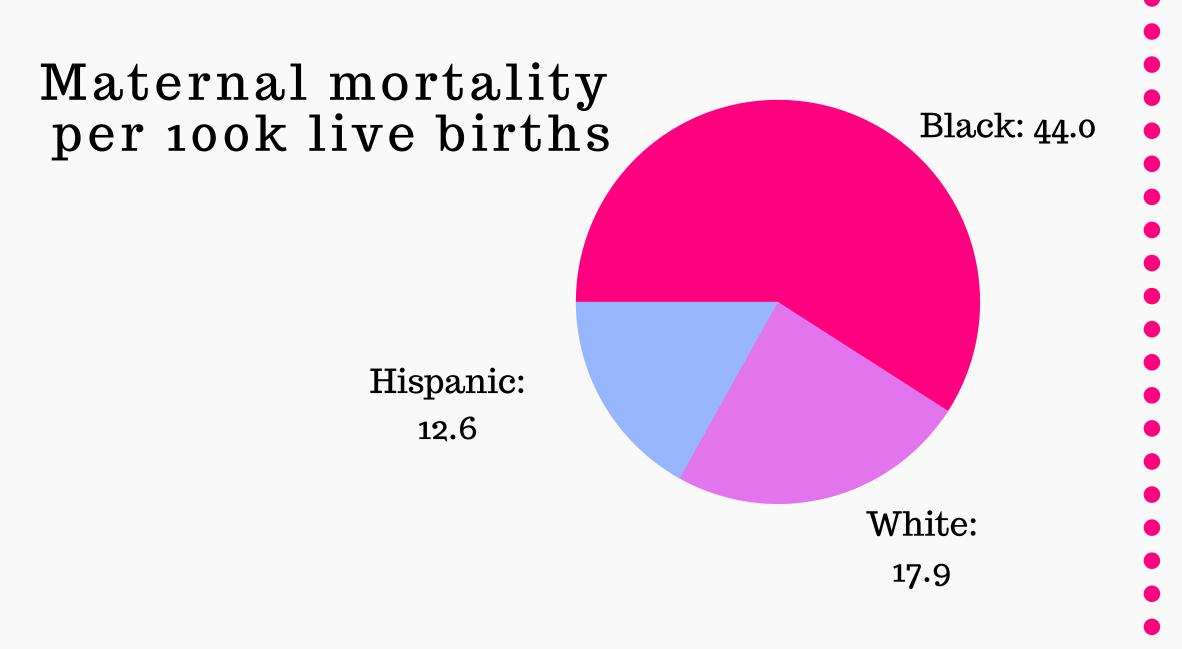
BLACK MATERNAL HEALTH FACTSHEET



In comparison to their peers, Black women are less likely to access prenatal care, leading to

- higher rates of preterm birth
- low birthweight
- increased infant and maternal mortality



In comparison to their peers, Black women are more likely to

- **b**e uninsured
- fall in the coverage gap, because a greater share live in states that have not implemented the Medicaid expansion
- face financial barriers in accessing care
- Black women experience higher rates of preventable and chronic diseases including diabetes, hypertension and cardiovascular disease
- Black women are 3x more likely to have fibroids (benign tumors that grow in the uterus and can cause postpartum hemorrhaging) than white women
- Black women display signs of preeclampsia earlier than white women

- White women, no highschool degree
- Black women, college degree

40

